

SAFETY DATA SHEET ACCORDING TO REGULATION (EC) 1907/2006

Product name: beko PU-Universalreiniger

Creation date: 11.10.2021, Revision: 24.01.2023, version: 2.3

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product name

beko PU-Universalreiniger

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Cleaning agent.

Uses advised against

No information.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

beko GmbH

Rappenfeldstr. 5

DE-86653 Monheim

Tel. +49 (0) 9091 90898-0

e-mail: info@beko-group.com

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency

Poison Control Center Mainz - 24 hour emergency service - phone: +49 (0) 6131/19240

Supplier

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Aerosol 1; H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

Aerosol 1; H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE 3; H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

**Signal word: Danger**

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulation.

Contains:

acetone

2.3 Other hazards**PBT/vPvB**

No information.

Endocrine disrupting properties

No information.

Additional information

No information.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**3.1 Substances**

For mixtures see 3.2.

3.2 Mixtures

Name	CAS EC Index Reach	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)	Specific Conc. Limits	Notes for substances
acetone	67-64-1 200-662-2 606-001-00-8 01-2119471330-49	50-100	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336 EUH066	/	/
isobutane	75-28-5 200-857-2 601-004-00-0 01-2119485395-27	2,5-10	Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas; H280	/	C, S
propane	74-98-6 200-827-9 601-003-00-5 01-2119486944-21	2,5-10	Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas; H280	/	U
carbon dioxide	124-38-9 204-696-9 -	2,5-10	Press. Gas; H280	/	/

Notes for substances

C	Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers. In this case the supplier must state on the label whether the substance is a specific isomer or a mixture of isomers.
S	This substance may not require a label according to Article 17 (see Section 1.3 of Annex I) (Table 3).
U	When put on the market gases have to be classified as 'Gases under pressure', in one of the groups compressed gas, liquefied gas, refrigerated liquefied gas or dissolved gas. The group depends on the physical state in which the gas is packaged and therefore has to be assigned case by case. The following codes are assigned: Press. Gas (Comp.) Press. Gas (Liq.) Press. Gas (Ref. Liq.) Press. Gas (Diss.) Aerosols shall not be classified as gases under pressure (See Annex I, Part 2, Section 2.3.2.1, Note 2).

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General notes

In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place patient in recovery position and ensure airway patency. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Following inhalation

If symptoms occur, seek medical advice. Remove patient to fresh air - move out of dangerous area. Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is irregular or respiratory arrest occurs provide artificial respiration. In case of unconsciousness bring patient into stable side position and seek medical attention.

Following skin contact

Take off all contaminated clothing. Wash affected skin areas thoroughly with plenty of water and soap. If symptoms develop and persist, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothes and shoes before reuse.

Following eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with running water, keeping eyelids apart. If irritation persists, seek professional medical attention.

Following ingestion

Not likely. Accidental ingestion: Do not induce vomiting! In case of doubt or if feeling unwell seek medical help. Show the physician the safety data sheet or label.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Following inhalation

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Excessive exposure to spray mist, fog, or vapours may cause respiratory irritation. Coughing, sneezing, nasal discharge, labored breathing.

Following skin contact

Contact with skin may cause irritation (redness, itching).

Following eye contact

Strongly irritates the eyes. Redness, tearing, pain.

Following ingestion

Ingestion is unlikely because it is an aerosol. Accidental ingestion: May cause nausea/vomiting and diarrhea.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Full water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

In case of a fire toxic gases can be generated; do not inhale gases/smoke. In the event of fire the following can be generated: carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO₂).

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Protective actions

In case of fire or heating do not breathe fumes/vapours. Cool containers at risk with water spray. If possible remove containers from endangered area. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air. In case of fire aerosols can explode and be propelled to considerable distances in different directions.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear appropriate protective clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) (EN 469) and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece (EN 137).

Additional information

No information.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment (Section 8).

Precautionary measures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition and/or heat; No smoking!

Emergency procedures

Prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Prevent access to unprotected personnel. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapour or mist.

For emergency responders

Use personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow product to reach water/drains/sewage systems or permeable soil. If accidental large entry into water or ground occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Stem the spill if this does not pose risks.

For cleaning up

Collect the spray cans and hand them over to an authorized waste disposal contractor. Release of liquid because of damaged aerosol can (release of large quantities): Absorb product (with inert material), collect it in special container and dispose it to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor. Do not absorb spillage with sawdust or other combustible material. Dispose in accordance with applicable regulations (see Section 13). Clean residue from spill site.

OTHER INFORMATION

See Section 7: safe handling.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**7.1 Precautions for safe handling****Protective measures****Measures to prevent fire**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep away from sources of ignition - no smoking. Use spark-proof tools. Pressurized container; protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a naked flame or incandescent material.

Measures to prevent aerosol and dust generation

Use general or local exhaust ventilation to prevent inhaling vapours and aerosols.

Measures to protect the environment

No information.

Other measures

No information.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wear suitable protective equipment; see Section 8. Refer to instructions on label and regulations for safety and health at work. Use good personal hygiene practices – wash hands at breaks and when done working with material. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapours/mist. Consider measures required in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**Technical measures and storage conditions**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep in well closed containers. Keep in cool and well ventilated area. Protect from open fire, heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep away from oxidising substances. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

Packaging materials

The original container of producer.

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Do not store in unlabelled containers.

Storage class

No information.

Further information on storage conditions

No information.

7.3 Specific end use(s)**Recommendations**

No information.

Industrial sector specific solutions

No information.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1 Control parameters**

Occupational Exposure limit values

Name	mg/m ³	ml/m ³	Short-term value mg/m ³	Short-term value ml/m ³	Remark	Biological Tolerance Values
Acetone (67-64-1)	1210	500	3620	1500	/	/
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)	9150	5000	27400	15000	/	/

Information on monitoring procedures

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents. BS EN 482:2021 Workplace exposure. Procedures for the determination of the concentration of chemical agents. Basic performance requirements.

DNEL/DMEL values

For product

No information.

For components

Name	Type	Exposure route	exp. frequency	Remark	value
acetone	Worker	dermal	long term systemic effects	/	186 mg/kg bw/day
acetone	Worker	inhalation	short term local effects	/	2420 mg/m ³
acetone	Worker	inhalation	long term systemic effects	/	1210 mg/m ³
acetone	Consumer	oral	long term systemic effects	/	62 mg/kg bw/day
acetone	Consumer	dermal	long term systemic effects	/	62 mg/kg bw/day
acetone	Consumer	inhalation	long term systemic effects	/	200 mg/m ³

PNEC values

For product

No information.

For components

Name	Exposure route	Remark	value
acetone	marine water	/	1.06 mg/L
acetone	fresh water	/	10.6 mg/L
acetone	fresh water sediment	dry weight	30.4 mg/kg
acetone	marine water sediment	dry weight	3.04 mg/kg
acetone	soil	dry weight	29.5 mg/kg
acetone	water treatment plant	/	100 mg/L
acetone	water, intermittent release	/	21 mg/L

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering control

Substance/mixture related measures to prevent exposure during identified uses

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Observe normal precautions that apply for handling with chemicals. Use good personal hygiene practices – wash hands at breaks and when done working with material. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapours/aerosols. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation.

Structural measures to prevent exposure

No information.

Organisational measures to prevent exposure

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protection.

Technical measures to prevent exposure

Provide good ventilation and local exhaust in areas with increased concentration.

Personal protective equipment

Eye and face protection

Safety glasses with side protection (EN ISO 16321-1:2022).

Hand protection

No requirements under normal use conditions. In case of prolonged exposure, wear protective gloves (EN 374).

Appropriate materials**Skin protection**

No requirements under normal use conditions. With excessive exposure wear protective working clothing (overalls and boots). Cotton protective clothing and shoes that cover the entire foot (BS EN ISO 20345:2022). Protective antistatic clothing EN 1149 , protective antistatic shoes (EN 20345). Choose body protection according to the activity and possible exposure.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection. If the concentration limit values are exceeded, it is necessary to wear appropriate respiratory protection. Wear suitable respiratory protection mask (EN 136) with an AX-P2 combination filter (EN 14387). For dust/gas/ vapor concentrations above the applicable filter limit, in case of oxygen concentrations below 17% or in vague conditions, autonomous self-contained breathing apparatus should be used, according to standard BS EN 137, BS EN 138.

Thermal hazards

No information.

Environmental exposure controls**Substance/mixture related measures to prevent exposure**

No information.

Instruction measures to prevent exposure

No information.

Organisational measures to prevent exposure

No information.

Technical measures to prevent exposure

No information.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Physical state**

liquid - aerosol

Colour

colourless clear

Odour

characteristic

Important health, safety and environmental information

Odour threshold	No information.
Melting point/Freezing point	No information.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	-44 °C
Flammability	235 °C
Lower and upper explosion limit	3 – 18.6 vol %
Flash point	-97 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	No information.
Decomposition temperature	No information.
pH	No information.
Viscosity	No information.
Solubility	Water: Insoluble Organic solvent: 85.82 %
Partition coefficient	No information.
Vapour pressure	5200 hPa
Density and/or relative density	Density: 0.79 g/cm ³

Relative vapour density	No information.
Particle characteristics	No information.

9.2 OTHER INFORMATION

Weight organic solvents	756 g/l (VOC (1999/13/EC)) 97 % (VOC (1999/13/EC))
Explosive properties	Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/ vapour mixtures are possible. Product is not self igniting.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

Product is stable under normal conditions of use, recommended handling and storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product is stable under recommended storage and handling conditions. There are no known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not expose to heat and direct sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Halogenated compounds. Alkali metal. Strong reducing agents.
Oxidants.
Peroxide. Ethanolamine. Hydrogen peroxide. Attacks many plastics and rubbers.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire/explosion vapours/gases that pose a health hazard are released. Carbon dioxide; Carbon monoxide.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

(a) Acute toxicity

For components

Name	Exposure route	Type	Species	Time	value	Method	Remark
acetone	oral	LD ₅₀	rat	/	5800 mg/kg	OECD 401	/
acetone	inhalation	LC ₅₀	rat	4 h	76 mg/l	/	/
acetone	dermal	LD ₅₀	rabbit	/	> 15800 mg/kg	/	/

(b) Skin corrosion/irritation

For components

Name	Species	Time	result	Method	Remark
acetone	guinea pig	/	Non-irritant.	/	/

(c) Serious eye damage/irritation

For components

Name	Exposure route	Species	Time	result	Method	Remark
acetone	/	rabbit	/	Irritates the eyes. The occurrence of corneal injuries is possible.	OECD 405	/

Additional information

Causes serious eye irritation.

(d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation

For components

Name	Exposure route	Species	Time	result	Method	Remark
acetone	-	/	/	Non sensitising.	OECD 406	/

(e) (Germ cell) mutagenicity

For components

Name	Type	Species	Time	result	Method	Remark
acetone	in-vitro mutagenicity	/	/	Negative.	OECD 473	Chromosome aberration assay
acetone	in-vitro mutagenicity	Cell: Mammalian-Animal	/	Negative.	OECD 476	/
acetone	in-vitro mutagenicity	Bacteria	/	Negative.	OECD 471	/
acetone	in-vivo mutagenicity	mouse	/	Negative.	The micronucleus test	/

(f) Carcinogenicity

For components

Name	Exposure route	Type	Species	Time	value	result	Method	Remark
acetone	dermal	/	mouse	/	/	Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.	/	/

(g) Reproductive toxicity

For components

Name	Reproductive toxicity type	Type	Species	Time	value	result	Method	Remark
acetone	/	/	/	/	/	Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.	/	/
acetone	Developmental toxicity	/	rat	/	/	Negative.	OECD 414	/
acetone	Effects on fertility	/	rat	/	/	Negative.	OECD 414	/

Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

No information.

(h) STOT-single exposure

For components

Name	Exposure route	Type	Species	Time	Exposure	organ	value	result	Method	Remark
acetone	-	-	/	/	/	/	/	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	/	/

carbon dioxide	inhalation	-	/	/	/	/	/	1 % CO2 in the air: slight increase in breathing rate.	/	/
carbon dioxide	inhalation	-	/	/	/	/	/	2 % CO2 in the air: a 50 % increase in breathing rate.	/	/
carbon dioxide	inhalation	-	/	/	/	/	/	3 % CO2 in the air: a two-times increase in breathing rate, decreased hearing, headache, slight narcotic effect, increased blood pressure and pulse.	/	/
carbon dioxide	inhalation	-	/	/	/	/	/	4-5% concentration of CO2 in the air: an increase in breathing rate by four times, symptoms of intoxication become noticeable, a choking feeling.	/	/
carbon dioxide	inhalation	-	/	/	/	/	/	5-10 % CO2 in the air: headache, tinnitus and dizziness; after a few minutes - loss of consciousness.	/	/
carbon dioxide	inhalation	-	/	/	/	/	/	10-100 % CO2 in the air: unconsciousness occurs rapidly at concentrations above 10%; it can be harmful or fatal.	/	/

Additional information

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

(i) STOT-repeated exposure

For components

Name	Exposure route	Type	Species	Time	Exposure	organ	value	result	Method	Remark
acetone	dermal	-	/	/	/	/	/	Repeated exposure may cause dry and cracked skin.	/	/

acetone	Repeated dose toxicity	NOAEL	rat	90 days	/	oral	900 mg/kg bw/day	/	/	/
acetone	Repeated dose toxicity	NOAEC	rat	/	/	/	22500 mg/m ³	/	/	inhalation

(j) Aspiration hazard

No information.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

No information.

Interactive effects

No information.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

No information.

Other information

No information.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Acute (short-term) toxicity

For components

Name	Type	value	Exposure time	Species	organism	Method	Remark
acetone	LC ₅₀	5540 mg/L	96 h	fish	<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	/	/
acetone	LC ₅₀	11000 mg/L	96 h	/	<i>Alburnus alburnus</i>	/	/
acetone	LC ₅₀	8800 mg/L	48 h	crustacea	<i>Daphnia magna</i>	/	/
acetone	NOEC	430 mg/L	96 h	algae	/	/	/
acetone	EC12	1000 mg/L	30 min	bacteria	Activated sludge	OECD 209	/

Chronic (long-term) toxicity

For components

Name	Type	value	Exposure time	Species	organism	Method	Remark
acetone	NOEC	2212 mg/l	28 days	/	<i>Daphnia pulex</i>	/	/

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Abiotic degradation, physical- and photo-chemical elimination

For components

Name	Environment	Type / Method	Half Time	Evaluation	Method	Remark
acetone	water	/	/	Degraded by hydrolysis.	/	/

Biodegradation

For components

Name	Type	Rate	Time	Evaluation	Method	Remark
acetone	biodegradability	91 %	28 days	readily biodegradable	OECD 301 B	/

acetone	BOD5	1900 mg O ₂ /g	/	/	/	/
acetone	COD	2100 mg O ₂ /g	/	/	/	/

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient

For components

Name	Media	value	Temperature °C	pH	Concentration	Method
acetone	Log Pow	-0.24	/	/	/	/

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

For components

Name	Species	organism	value	Duration	Evaluation	Method	Remark
acetone	BCF	/	< 10	/	/	/	/

12.4 Mobility in soil

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

No information.

Surface tension

No information.

Adsorption/Desorption

No information.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No evaluation.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No information.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No information.

12.8 Additional information

For product

Water hazard class 1 (self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water. Avoid release to the environment.

For components

acetone

Does not bioaccumulate. The substance is highly volatile. This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB). Do not allow to reach ground water, water bodies or sewage systems.

carbon dioxide

When discharged in large quantities may contribute to the greenhouse effect (GWP=1).

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

Waste chemical

Avoid release to the environment. Product and container must be disposed of safely. Dispose of in accordance with applicable waste disposal regulation. Disposal must be made according to official regulations: deliver it to authorised collector/remover/transformer of hazardous waste.

Waste codes / waste designations according to LoW

16 05 04* - gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances

Packaging

Uncleaned containers should not be perforated, cut or welded. Pressurized container. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Dispose of in accordance with applicable waste disposal regulation. Deliver completely emptied containers to approved waste disposal authorities.

Waste codes / waste designations according to LoW

15 01 11* - metallic packaging containing a dangerous solid porous matrix (for example asbestos), including empty pressure containers

Waste treatment-relevant information

No information.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

No information.

Other disposal recommendations

No information.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA	ADN
14.1 UN number or ID number			
UN 1950	UN 1950	UN 1950	UN 1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name			
AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)			
2	2	2	2
			
14.4 Packing group			
Not given/not applicable	Not given/not applicable	Not given/not applicable	Not given/not applicable
14.5 Environmental hazards			
NO	NO	NO	NO
14.6 Special precautions for user			

Limited quantities 1 L Special provisions 190, 327, 344, 625 Packing Instructions P207, LP200 Special packing provisions PP87, RR6, L2 Transport category 2 Tunnel restriction code (D)	Limited quantities 1 L EmS F-D, S-U Flash point -97 °C	Limited Quantity, Packing Instructions (Ltd Qty, Pkg Inst) Y203 Limited Quantity, Maximum Net Quantity/Package (Ltd Qty, Max Net Qty/Pkg) 30 kg G Packing Instructions (Pkg Inst) 203 Maximum Net Quantity/Package (Max Net Qty/Pkg) 25 kg Special provisions A145, A167, A802	Limited quantities 1 L
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments			
Goods may not be carried in bulk in bulk containers, containers or vehicles.			

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (including last amendment Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878)
- Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures

Information according 2004/42/EC about limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOC-guideline)
not applicable

Regulation EC 648/2004 on detergents

5% - < 15%: aliphatic hydrocarbons

Special instructions

Seveso III, P3a: flammable aerosols. REGULATION (EU) 2019/1148 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 20 June 2019 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors, amending Regulation (EC):

ANNEX II REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS:

Acetone (CAS RN 67-64-1).

All suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Indication of changes

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Key literature references and sources for data

No information.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

CEN - European Committee for Standardisation

C&L - Classification and Labelling

CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

CAS# - Chemical Abstracts Service number
CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen, or Reproductive Toxicant
CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment
CSR - Chemical Safety Report
DMEL - Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level
DPD - Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC
DSD - Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC
DU - Downstream User
EC - European Community
ECHA - European Chemicals Agency
EC-Number - EINECS and ELINCS Number (see also EINECS and ELINCS)
EEA - European Economic Area (EU + Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway)
EEC - European Economic Community
EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances
ELINCS - European List of notified Chemical Substances
EN - European Standard
EQS - Environmental Quality Standard
EU - European Union
Euphrac - European Phrase Catalogue
EWC - European Waste Catalogue (replaced by LoW – see below)
GES - Generic Exposure Scenario
GHS - Globally Harmonized System
IATA - International Air Transport Association
ICAO-TI - Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air
IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IMSBC - International Maritime Solid Bulk Cargoes
IT - Information Technology
IUCLID - International Uniform Chemical Information Database
IUPAC - International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
JRC - Joint Research Centre
Kow - octanol-water partition coefficient
LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
LE - Legal Entity
LoW - List of Wastes (see <http://ec.europa.eu/environment/waste/framework/list.htm>)
LR - Lead Registrant
M/I - Manufacturer / Importer
MS - Member States
MSDS - Material Safety Data Sheet
OC - Operational Conditions
OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL - Occupational Exposure Limit
OJ - Official Journal
OR - Only Representative
OSHA - European Agency for Safety and Health at work
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
PEC - Predicted Effect Concentration
PNEC(s) - Predicted No Effect Concentration(s)
PPE - Personal Protection Equipment
(Q)SAR - Qualitative Structure Activity Relationship
REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
RIP - REACH Implementation Project
RMM - Risk Management Measure
SCBA - Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus
SDS - Safety data sheet
SIEF - Substance Information Exchange Forum
SME - Small and Medium sized Enterprises
STOT - Specific Target Organ Toxicity
(STOT) RE - Repeated Exposure
(STOT) SE - Single Exposure
SVHC - Substances of Very High Concern
UN - United Nations

vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

List of relevant H phrases

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

The information of this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and meets the requirements of EU and national laws. The user's working conditions however, are beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without a written permission. It remains the responsibility of the user to ensure that the necessary steps are taken to meet the laws and regulations. Handling of the product may only be done by people above 18 years of age, who are satisfactorily informed of how to do the work, the hazardous properties and necessary safety precautions. The information given in this SDS is to describe the product only in terms of health and safety requirements and should not, therefore, be construed as guaranteeing specific properties.